SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  
(enfilcon A)  
Soft (Hydrophilic) Contact Lenses  
For Frequent Replacement Daily Wear

IMPORTANT: Please read carefully and keep this information for future use. This package insert is intended for the eye care practitioner, but should be made available to patients upon request. The eye care practitioner should provide the patient with the patient instructions that pertain to the patient’s prescribed lens.

SYMBOLS KEY

The following symbols may appear on the label or carton.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>DEFINITION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rx</td>
<td>Caution: Federal (USA) law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed practitioner</td>
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<td>See Instructions for Wearers</td>
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<td>Use by Date</td>
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<td>LOT</td>
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<td>STERILE</td>
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STERILE: Sterile using Steam Heat

CAUTION: FEDERAL LAW restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed practitioner.

DESCRIPTION

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  (enfilcon A) are available as spheric, aspheric, toric and multifocal lens designs. The lenses are made from a material containing 46% water and 54% enfilcon A, a silicone-containing hydrogel. The lenses have a tint (phthalocyanine blue) which is added to make the lens more visible for handling. The lenses also contain a UV absorbing monomer which is used to block UV radiation.

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS SPHERE and ASPHERE parameters:

- Diameter: 13.5 mm to 15.0 mm
- Base Curve: 8.2 mm to 9.2 mm
- Center Thickness: 0.08 mm to 0.60 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: -20.00 D to +20.00 D

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS TORIC parameters:

- Diameter: 13.5 mm to 15.0 mm
- Base Curve: 8.2 mm to 9.2 mm
- Center Thickness: 0.08 mm to 0.60 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: -20.00 D to +20.00 D
- Cylinder: -0.25 D to –10.00 D

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS MULTIFOCAL parameters:

- Diameter: 13.5 mm to 15.0 mm
- Base Curve: 8.2 mm to 9.2 mm
- Center Thickness: 0.08 mm to 0.60 mm (varies with power)
- Powers: -20.00 D to +20.00 D
- Addition powers: +0.50 D to +4.00 D

The physical/optical properties of the lens are:

- Refractive Index: 1.40
- Light Transmittance: >96%
- Surface Character: Hydrophilic
- Water Content: 45%
- Specific Gravity: 1.06
- Contact angle: 41 deg
- Oxygen Permeability: 100 x 10-11 (cm2/sec)(ml 02/ml x mmHg)

The SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS (ocufilcon D) (-2.00 to -10.00 D) blocks 75% of UVA radiation and 99% UVB radiation average across the spectrum. The radiation blockage of the SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS will increase for thicker lenses (Please refer to accompanying transmittance curve graph).

WARNING: UV-absorbing contact lenses are NOT substitutes for protective UV absorbing eyewear, such as UV absorbing goggles or sunglasses because they do not completely cover the eye and the surrounding area. You should continue to use absorbing eyewear as directed.

Long term exposure to the UV radiation is one of the risk factors associated with cataracts. Exposure is based on a number of factors such as environmental conditions (altitude, geography, cloud cover) and personal factors (extent and nature of the outdoor activities), UV-absorbing contact lenses help provide protection against harmful UV radiation. However, clinical studies have not been done to demonstrate that wearing UV-absorbing contact lenses reduces the risk of developing cataracts or other eye disorders. Consult your eye care practitioner for more information.

INDICATIONS FOR USE

Spherical and Aspherical

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  (enfilcon A) SPHERE and ASPHERE are indicated for the correction of ametropia (myopia and hyperopia) in aphakic and non-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes. The lenses may be worn by persons who exhibit astigmatism of 2.00 diopters or less that does not interfere with visual acuity.

Toric

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  (enfilcon A) TORIC are indicated for the correction of ametropia (myopia or hyperopia with astigmatism) in aphakic and non-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes in powers from -20.00 to +20.00 diopters and astigmatic corrections from -0.25 to -10.00 diopters.

Multifocal

SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  (enfilcon A) MULTIFOCAL are indicated for the correction of refractive ametropia (myopia and hyperopia) and emmetropia with presbyopia in aphakic and non-aphakic persons with non-diseased eyes. The lenses may be worn by persons who exhibit astigmatism of 2.00 diopters or less that does not interfere with visual acuity.

The SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS  (enfilcon A) are indicated for daily wear. As prescribed for frequent replacement, the lens should be disinfected using a chemical or hydrogen peroxide disinfecting systems.

CONTRAINDICATIONS

Do not use the SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS lens when any of the following conditions exist:

- Acute and subacute inflammation or infection of the anterior chamber of the eye.
- Any eye disease, injury, or abnomality that affects the cornea, conjunctiva, or eyelids.
- Severe insufficiency of lacrimal secretion (dry eyes).
- Any systemic disease that may affect the eye or be exaggerated by wearing contact lenses.
- Allergic reactions of ocular surfaces or adnexa that may be induced or exaggerated by wearing contact lenses or use of contact lens solutions.
- Allergy to any ingredient, such as mercury or thimerosal, in a solution, which is to be used to care for any SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS.
- Any active corneal infection (bacterial, fungal, or viral).
- If eyes become red or irritated.
- The patient is unable to follow lens care regimen or unable to obtain assistance to do so.
**WARNINGS**

Patients should be advised of the following warnings pertaining to contact lens wear:

- Problems with contact lenses and lens care products could result in serious injury to the eye. It is essential that patients follow their eye care practitioner’s directions and all labeling instructions for proper use of lenses and lens care products. Patients should fill their lens case with fresh solution every time they store their lenses, and never re-use solution. Additionally, they should discard their solution immediately after their lenses have been removed from the lens case, rinse their case with fresh solution, and to allow the case to air dry. Eye problems, including corneal ulcers, can develop rapidly and lead to loss of vision.

- Problems with contact lenses and lens care products could result in serious injury to the eye. It is essential that patients follow their eye care practitioner’s directions and all labeling instructions for proper use of lenses and lens care products including the lens case. Eye problems, including corneal ulcers, can develop rapidly and lead to loss of vision.

- All contact lens wearers must see their eye care practitioner as directed.

- Daily wear lenses are not indicated for overnight wear, and patients should be instructed not to wear lenses while sleeping. Clinical studies have shown that the risk of serious adverse reactions is increased when these lenses are worn overnight.

- The risk of ulcerative keratitis has been shown to be greater among users of extended wear lenses than among users of daily wear lenses.

- Studies have been shown that contact lens wearers who are smokers have a higher incidence of adverse reactions than nonsmokers.

PRECAUTIONS

**Special Precautions for Eye Care Practitioners**

- Due to the small numbers of patients enrolled in clinical investigation of lenses, all refractive powers, design configurations, or lens parameters available in the lens material are not evaluated in significant numbers.

Consequently, when selecting an appropriate lens design and parameters, the eye care practitioner should consider all characteristics of the lens that can affect lens performance and ocular health, including oxygen permeability, wettability, central and peripheral thickness, and optic zone diameter.

- The potential impact of these factors on the patient’s ocular health should be carefully weighed against the patient’s need for refractive correction; therefore, the continuing ocular health of the patient and lens performance on the eye should be carefully monitored by the prescribing eye care practitioner.

- Patients who wear aspheric contact lenses to correct presbyopia may not achieve the best corrected visual acuity for either far or near vision. Visual requirements vary with the individual and should be considered when selecting the most appropriate type of lens for each patient.

- Aplastic patients should not be fitted with any AVAIRA contact lenses until the determination is made that the eye has healed completely.

- Fluorescein, a yellow dye, should not be used while the lenses are on the eyes. The potential impact of these factors on the patient’s ocular health should be carefully weighed against the patient’s need for refractive correction; therefore, the continuing ocular health of the patient and lens performance on the eye should be carefully monitored by the prescribing eye care practitioner.

- The wearing and replacement schedules should be determined by the eye care practitioner.

- The patient should be informed that the following problems may occur:
  - Eyes stinging, burning, or itching (irritation), or other eye pain.
  - Redness of the eyes.
  - Reduced sharpness of vision (poor visual acuity).
  - Blurred vision, rainbows, or halos around objects.
  - Sensitivity to light (photophobia).
  - Dry eyes.

If the patient notices any of the above, he or she should be instructed to:

- Immediately remove the lenses.
- If the discomfort or the problem stops, then look closely at the lens. If the lens is in some way damaged, do not put the lens back on the eye. Place the lens in the storage case and contact the eye care practitioner. If the lens has dirt, an eyelash, or other foreign body on it, or the problem stops and the lens appears undamaged, the patient should thoroughly clean, rinse, and disinfect both lenses; then reinset them. After reinserter, if the problem continues, the patient should immediately remove the lenses and consult the eye care practitioner.

When any of the above problems occur, a serious condition such as infection, corneal ulcer, neovascularization, or irisitis may be present. The patient should be instructed to keep the lens off the eye and seek immediate professional identification of the problem and prompt treatment to avoid serious eye damage.

**Fitting**

Conventional methods of fitting contact lenses apply to all SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENSES. For a detailed description of the fitting techniques, refer to the SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS Professional Fitting and Information Guide, copies of which are available from:

CooperVision Canada Corp.
500 Highway 7 East
Richmond Hill, ON
L4B 1J1
1-888-475-8555
www.coopervision.ca

**WEARING SCHEDULE**

The wearing and replacement schedules should be determined by the eye care practitioner. Patients tend to over-wear the lenses initially. The eye care practitioner should emphasize the importance of adhering to the initial maximum wearing schedule. Regular checkups, as determined by the eye care practitioner are also extremely important.

CooperVision recommends that all SILICONE HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENSES, be discarded and replaced with a new lens on a frequent replacement basis. The eye care practitioner is encouraged to determine an appropriate lens replacement schedule based upon the response of the patient. Do not wear lenses during sleeping hours.

**DAILY WEAR:** (less than 24 hours, while awake). The maximum suggested wearing time is:

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<td>5</td>
<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>All waking hours</td>
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**LENS CARE DIRECTIONS**

Eye care practitioners should review with the patient lens care directions, including both basic lens care information and specific instructions on the lens care regimen recommended for the patient.

- Always wash, rinse, and dry hands before handling contact lenses.
- Do not use saliva or anything other than the recommended solutions for lubricating or wetting lenses.
- Do not put lenses in the mouth.
- Do not put lenses in the mouth.
- Do not put lenses in the mouth.
- Do not touch the lens with fingernails.
General Lens Care: (For Frequent Replacement)

Basic Instructions:

- Always use fresh, unexpired lens care solutions.
- Use the recommended chemical (not heat) system of lens care and carefully follow instructions on solution labeling. Different solutions cannot always be used together, and not all solutions are safe to use with all lenses. Do not alternate or mix lens care systems unless indicated on solution labeling.
- Lenses should be cleaned, rinsed, and disinfect each time they are removed. Cleaning and rinsing are necessary to remove mucus and film from the lens surface. Disinfecting is necessary to destroy harmful germs.
- Always remove, clean, rinse, (as recommended by the eye care practitioner) and disinfect lenses according to the schedule prescribed by the eye care practitioner. The use of an enzyme cleaner is not recommended.
- Opti-Free Express, Complete, AO Sept, ReNu, Multi Lite care solutions are recommended.
- The eye care practitioner should recommend a care system that is appropriate for SILICON HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENSES. Each lens care product contains specific directions for use and important safety information, which should be read and carefully followed.
- **Note:** Some solutions may have more than one function, which will be indicated on the label. Read the label on the solution bottle, and follow directions.

**Clean** one lens first (always the same lens first to avoid mix-ups), rinse the lens thoroughly with recommended saline or disinfection solution to remove cleaning solution, mucus, and film from the lens surface, and put that lens into the correct chamber of the lens storage case. Then repeat the procedure for the second lens.

**After cleaning,** and rinsing, disinfect lenses using the system recommended by the manufacturer and/or eye care practitioner.
- To store lenses, disinfect and leave them in the closed/unopened case until ready to wear. If lenses are not to be used immediately following disinfection, the patient should be instructed to consult the package insert or the eye care practitioner for information on the storage of lenses.
- After removing the lenses from the lens case, empty, and rinse the lens storage case with solution as recommended by the lens case manufacturer, then allow the lens case to air dry. When the lens case is used again, refill it with storage solution. Replace the lens case at regular intervals as recommended by the lens case manufacturer or your eye care practitioner.
- Eye care practitioners may recommend a lubrication/rewetting solution, which can be used to wet (lubricate) the lenses while they are being worn to make them more comfortable.

**CHEMICAL LENS DISINFECTION (Including Hydrogen Peroxide):**

- Clean the contact lenses with a recommended cleaning solution and thoroughly rinse them with a recommended rinsing solution.
- **After cleaning** and rinsing, to disinfect, carefully follow the instructions accompanying the disinfecting solution in the eye care regimen recommended by the lens manufacturer or the eye care practitioner.
- When using hydrogen peroxide lens care systems, lenses must be neutralized before wearing. Follow the recommendations on the hydrogen peroxide system label.
- Thoroughly rinse lenses with a fresh solution recommended for rinsing before inserting and wearing, or follow the instructions on the disinfection solution labeling.
- **Do not heat** the disinfection solution and lenses.
- Leave the lenses in the unopened storage case until ready to put on the eyes.
- **CAUTION:** Lenses that are chemically disinfected may absorb ingredients from the disinfecting solution which may be irritating to the eyes. A thorough rinse in fresh sterile saline solution prior to placement in the eye should reduce the potential for irritation.

**LENS CASE CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE**

Contact lens cases can be a source of bacteria growth. Lens cases should be emptied, cleaned, and rinsed with solution recommended by the lens care manufacturer, and allowed to air dry. Lens cases should be replaced at regular intervals as recommended by the lens case manufacturer or the eye care practitioner.

**CARE FOR A DRIED OUT (DEHYDRATED) LENS**

If any SILICON HYDROGEL SOFT CONTACT LENS is exposed to air while off the eye, it may become dry and brittle. In this event, simply dispose of the lens and replace with a fresh one.

**CARE FOR A STICKING (NONMOVING) LENS**

If the lens sticks (stops moving or cannot be removed), the patient should be instructed to apply 2 to 3 drops of the recommended lubricating or rewetting solution directly to the eye and wait until the lens begins to move freely on the eye before removing it. If non-movement of the lens continues more than 5 minutes, the patient should immediately consult the eye care practitioner.

**EMERGENCIES**

The patient should be informed that if chemicals of any kind (household products, gardening solutions, laboratory chemicals, etc.) are splashed into the eye, the patient should FLUSH THE EYES IMMEDIATELY WITH TAP WATER AND IMMEDIATELY CONTACT THE EYE CARE PRACTITIONER OR VISIT A HOSPITAL EMERGENCY ROOM WITHOUT DELAY.

**HOW SUPPLIED**

Each lens is supplied sterile in a blister pack containing buffered isotonic saline solution. The blister is labeled with the base curve, diameter, dioptic power, manufacturing lot number, and expiration date of the lens.